בס"ד. שלהי תמוז תשע"ח

To the families of *Anas"h* of the community at the EU – Brussels And the members of virtualcommunity@sichosonline.org

Reminders for the month of Menachem Av and Tisha Beav/Shabbos 5778

Please display on the refrigerator etc. where it can be in clear view.

[May not be posted on any website without written permission from the author]

May these days, and Tisha Beav "Nidche" (pushed off because of Shabbos), quickly turn into days of joy, with the revelation of *Moshiach Tzidkeinu* immediately!

Rabbi Levi Yitzchok Garelik Rabbigarelik@sichosonline.org

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Throughout the 9 days

- **Siyum:** It is customary to hear and take part in a 'Siyum Maseches' (completion of a tractate of the Gemoro) each day of the nine days (even on the radio etc. but we do not eat meat afterwards). You can hear one every night on radio station 930 AM at 5:30 PM. We give Tzedoko during the Siyum. [I will be making a Siyum on Wednesday (vov Menachem Av) evening at 5:30 PM].
- *Torah, Tzedakah:* We add in the learning of *Torah* and giving *Tzedokoh* based on the *Possuk* ציון במשפט תפדה ושבי' בצדקה.
- *Hilchois Beis Habechira:* There are eight chapters in the laws of the *Bais Hamikdosh* of the *Rambam*. Every day we learn (at least) one chapter.
- **Shehecheyonu:** We do not recite the blessing of **Shehecheyonu**, even on **Shabbos**.
- Bris Mila and Pidyon Haben: If there is a Bris or Pidyon Haben, we do eat meat and drink wine.
- *Tish'a B'av* shoes: If one does not have shoes for *Tish'a B'Av*, it is permissible to buy them during the nine days.
- Cutting nails: This year it is permitted to cut nails in all of the nine days.
- **Pregnant or nursing women** who find it hard to fast should consult (a doctor, and then) the *Rov. Please do not wait until the last minute!*
- Kidush Levono: It is not recited until Sunday night (after Tish'a Be'Av).

Tuesday - 5 Menachem Av - Yohrzeit of the Ariza"l

It is an auspicious day to devote to disseminating the wellsprings of Chassidus.

Erev Shabbos Chazon

• **Toiameho Chayim Zochu:** When preparing the food for *Shabbos,* it is permissible to **taste** the *fleishig* foods to see if they taste good [but we do not partake of the food like every Friday to fulfill סועמי' חיים זכו].

- **Children:** may have chicken in the afternoon before *Shabbos*.
- Mikva: The Minhag of Chassidim is to go to the Mikva on Erev Shabbos Chazon like every Erev Shabbos.
- In honor of *Shabbos* we wear *Shabbos* clothing as usual.
- Before Shabbos, we bring the Tish'a Beav shoes to Shul. If one forgot see below in the "Motzoei Shabbos" section.

Shabbos Chazon

* The famous *Moshol* (parable): It is a *mitzvah* to publicize, especially in the name of the one who said it, the famous *Moshol* of R' Levi Yitzchok of Berditchev about *Shabbos Chazon*, with the father and son and the three suits. See *Likutei Sichos Shabbos Chazon* – Volumes *Beis, Tes, Chof Tes, Lamed Tes* etc.

Here is the *Moshol*:

"A father once prepared a beautiful suit of clothes for his son. But the child neglected his father's gift, and soon the suit was in shreds. The father gave the child a second suit of clothes; this one, too, was ruined by the child's carelessness. So, the father made a third suit. This time, however, he withholds it from his son. Every once in a while, on special and opportune times, he shows the suit to the child, explaining that when the child learns to appreciate and properly care for the gift, it will be given to him. This causes the child to improve his behavior, until it gradually becomes second nature to him—at which time he will be worthy of his father's gift.

On the "Shabbat of Vision," says Rabbi Levi Yitzchak, each and every one of us is granted a vision of the third and final Temple—a vision that, to paraphrase the Talmud, "though we do not ourselves see, our souls see." This vision evokes a profound response in us, even if we are not consciously aware of the cause of our sudden inspiration. (Chabad.org)

Shabbos day in the morning

- * *Mikva: Minhag* of *Chassidim* is to go to the *Mikva* on *Shabbos Chazon* in the morning like every *Shabbos* morning.
- * Learning *Chitas, Rambam* etc.: Before *Davening*, we learn the *Chumash* and *Tanya* of *Chitas,* and the daily *Rambam* so they can be done before *Chatzos* (midday). If one didn't manage, there are opinions that say that it can be done until the *Shkia* (sunset).
- * Krias Hatorah is read as usual, i.e. the Aliya of Sheni begins as regular from "Eicha". I heard this from my wife's grandfather, R' Mordechai Shusterman who was the Baal Kriah in 770 and this is how he laind in the Rebbe's Shul. (See the details in his Sefer, page 138).
- * **Ov Horachamim**: is recited.
- * **Tehillim** is said after davening as usual.

^{*} Those who accept Shabbos early: may eat meat in the meal.

Shabbos after Chatzos (midday)

* After Chatzos it is customary to learn things related to Tish'a B'av, and Chassidus. There are quite a number of sichos, maamorim and farbregens from Tish'a B'av on Shabbos – [5741, 5748, 5751 and more].

Mincha

- * **Earlier**: *Mincha* should be scheduled earlier than usual, to give enough time to eat *Seudah Shlishis* and finish **before the** *Shkiah* (sundown).
- * Tzidkoscho: is not recited.
- * Pirkei Avos: (seemingly) we do not say Pirkei Avos.
- * Eating: It is permissible to eat and drink the whole day, but only <u>until Shkiah</u> (sundown). Especially those who want to make a *mezuman* on a *kos* must be finished *bentching* before <u>Shkiah</u> so they can drink the wine before *Shkiah*. We do not eat egg and ashes etc. in the *Seudo Hamafsekes*.
- * Changing shoes: It is not permitted to prepare the shoes for *Tish'a B'av*, (or *kinos*) or to bring them to *shul* until *shabbos* is over and "Boruch Hamavdil" is recited.

Motzoei Shabbos

The Rebbe would come down to *daven Maariv* with *Tish'a B'av* shoes and Shabbos clothing. Therefore:

* Maariv is davened a bit later so that everyone has enough time to say:

ברוך המבדיל בין קודש לחול, (Boruch Hamavdil Bein Koidesh Lechol)

and are able to change their shoes, prepare the *Kinos* etc. But we **do not** remove our *Shabbos* clothing.

- * Havdala candle: Women that remain at home, after they have davened maariv or said ברוך (but do not view their nails towards the candles) or if the husband is still at home before Maariv, he can say ברוך המבדיל בין קודש לחול and then go to shul for Maariv. The rest of Havdolo is recited Sunday night.
- * Low chair: From this point until tomorrow after Chatzos (midday), we sit on low chairs.
- * Washing dishes: The custom is that the dishes used on *Shabbos* are washed on Sunday after *Chatzos*.

In Shul

- * After saying ברוך המבדיל בין קודש לחול, the *Paroches* of the *Aron Kodesh*, the *Mapo* of the *Shulchon Hakria* and from the *shtender* of the Chazan are removed; the lights are dimmed; etc.
- * **Ato Chonantanu:** Ato Chonantanu is recited in the Amidah.
- * After the Amidah, Kadish Tiskabel is recited.
- * **Havdolo candle:** After *Shemona Esrei*, (and *Kadish Tiskabel*) a candle is lit and בורא מאורי האש is recited (and view the nails towards the candles). The rest of *Havdolo* is recited Sunday night.
- * *Eicha*: we sit on low chairs and *Eicha* is recited with the following *Kinos*.
- * Vihi Noam: After Eicha we do not say Vihi Noam.
- * **Veato Kodosh:** We say **Veato Kodosh** and **Kadish** without **Tiskabel** (like **Kadish Yosom**).

- * Oleinu Leshabeach: then we say Oleinu Leshabeach and Kadish. Mourners say the Mishnayos of the end of Moed Koton and Kadish Derabonon (they do not recite Rabbi Chananyo Ben Akashyo etc.)
- * In 5751 the Rebbe distributed dollars after Magriv.

During the Evening

- * A Gutte Voch: We do not wish each other 'a gutte voch'.
- * **Netilas Yodaim** (after using the washroom) is only until the knuckles.
- * [Havdolo: anyone who received a Heter from the Rov that they do not have to fast should make Havdala before eating (without Besamim). The details should be discussed with the Rov].

Learning Torah:

- * On Tish'a B'av, the Rebbe Rasha"b would learn Midrash Eicha Rabba and the sugya of 'Rabbi Yochanan' in Perek Hanizokin (in Masechte Gittin).
- * Chassidus: It is permissible to learn Chassidus (Pnimius Hatorah).
- * **Siyum:** A siyum should be made on any of the *Masechtos* that are permitted to be learned on *Tish'a B'av*.
- * **Story of the** *Heiliger Ruzshiner*: it is proper to read the story of the *Heiliger Ruzshiner* printed in *Sefer Haminhogim* on page 48 as follows:

The Tzemach Tzedek, who used to refer to the Rebbe [R. Yisrael] of Ruzhin as "the holy Ruzshiner," once related: "The holy Ruzshiner would not tolerate any "depression" nor even bitterness - with the result that his Chassidim became playful. One Tish'a B'Av they occupied themselves for a while tossing burs at each other. They then decided to climb on to the roof of the Beis Midrash, and to lower a noose over the entrance. Whoever walked in the door could then be lassoed and promptly pulled on to the roof. The prank succeeded until, sure enough, who should walk in but - their Rebbe, the Ruzshiner. From up there it was hard to tell one hat from another, and only when the Tzaddik was halfway up did they identify him.

When they had lowered him to the ground he exclaimed: 'Master of the Universe! If Your children do not observe Your Yom-Tov, then take it away from them!'

* Sleeping: It is not our custom to sleep on the floor or to place a stone under the head etc.

Sunday Morning

- * Netilas Yodaim only till the knuckles (like on Yom Kippur).
- * "שעשה לי כל צרכי" is not recited until tomorrow.
- * Good morning: We do not wish each other "good morning", "good day" etc.

In Shacharis

- 1. Tachanun is not recited.
- 2. We do not put on Tallis and Tefillin.
- 3. The *Tzitzis* are not held at any point during davening.
- 4. (Chazan says Aneinu and does not say Birchas Kohanim).

- 5. Krias Hatora The cover of the Bima is placed and we read the Torah. The third aliya is Maftir. (Half Kaddish. Haftorah. Yehalelu and return the Sefer Torah to the Aron Kodesh).
- 6. Kinos.
- 7. We say *Ashrei*. We do not say למנצח..יענך .
- 8. Then we say ". 'ובא לציון...נאום ה" and we skip ואני זאת בריתי... מעתה ועד עולם and then continue from ואתה קדוש. (Whole *Kaddish* without *Tiskabel*).
- 9. We do not recite shir shel yom and Ein Keloikenu (they are recited before Mincha).
- 10. Aleinu. [If there is a mourner he recites the Mishnayos like last night after Maariv see above].
- 11. Each person reads *Eicha* to himself.

After Chatzos (midday) -

- * It is permissible to sit a regular chair.
- * Daily Rambam: is learned after Havdolo.

Mincha

- 1. In *Shul*, (if there is only one *Sefer Torah*) before *Mincha*, we roll back the *Sefer Torah* to *Vayechal* and return the *Paroches* to the *Aron Kodesh* etc.
- 2. We put on the Tallis and Tefillin.
- 3. We say the three paragraphs of Shema;
- 4. Shir Shel Yom; Kadish Yosom.
- 5. Ein kelokeinu. Kadish Derabonon.
- 6. Chitas.
- 7. Korbonos and Ashrei for Mincha.
- 8. Krias Hatorah (Vayechal) and the third Aliya is Maftir. After the Haftoro is recited the Chazan says Chatzi Kadish as the Sefer Torah is returned to the Aron Kodesh.
- 9. In the Amidah we add Nacheim and Aneinu. (One who is not fasting does not say Aneinu) If one forgot to say Nacheim: He should say it in Shema Koleinu after Aneinu. If he forgot there, he could say it before Vesechezeno. If he forgot there, he can say it before V'al Kulam. If he forgot and finished the Amidah, he doesn't have to repeat the Amidah again. If one forgot to say Aneinu: he should say it before the second 'Yihiyu Lerotzon' but should not say the Beracha at the end. If he forgot and finished the Amidah, he doesn't have to repeat the Amidah again.
- 10. In Chazaras Hashatz, Birchas Kohanim is recited.
- 11. Aleinu and Kaddish. If there is a mourner he recites the Mishnayos like all year round.
- 12. Rabbeinu Tam's Tefillin are donned as usual. After "Vehoyo ki Yeviacho" we say the "Shesh Zechiros".

Tzedoko: In 5751 the Rebbe distributed dollars after *Mincha*.

Maariy:

- * In 5751 the Rebbe said a Sicha and distributed dollars for Tzedoko before Maariv.
- * We daven Maariv as usual.
- * After Maariv:
 - 1. Change to regular shoes.

- 2. Wash the face.
- 3. Wash regular Netilas Yadayim (like in the mornings) without a Beracha.
- 4. Havdolo without Besomim nor a candle. Veyiten Lecha is not recited
- 5. Kiddush Levana.
- *[Women may drink before *Havdolo* not like on Motzoei Shabbos that we do not drink before *Havdolo*].
- * At night, we do not eat meat or drink wine, but it is permitted to cut hair and do laundry, take showers, listen to music etc.
- * Daily Rambam: We learn the daily Rambam.

Siyumim:

* We continue to partake in *Siyumim* until the 15th of *Menachem Av*.

Thursday, 14 Menachem Av

* In Mincha we do not recite Tachanun.

Friday 15 Menachem Av "Tu B'Av"

- * We do not recite Tachanun.
- * The *Gemoroh* says that from the 15th of Menachem *Av* the night becomes longer and we should add in our learning of *Torah*.

20 Menachem Av – 74th Yohrzait of The Rebbe's Father לוי יצחק רב"ג והרה"ה המקובל וכו' ר' לוי יצחק Link to several *shiurim* and interesting stories about Reb Levi Yitzchok:

http://theonlinerabbi.com/sichosonline/parsha-ekev-chof-menachem-av/http://theonlinerabbi.com/sichosonline/chof-menachem-av/

The Rebbe writes in a letter:

...The 20th of Menachem Av, the Yom Hayohrzeit Vehahilula of my father... On me lies the obligation and great Zchus to suggest and request <u>etc.</u> to learn (in a Farbrengen) from his Torah, and to donate to Tzedoko in his memory, as he was "Moiser Nefesh" for spreading Yiddishkeit amongst the Yidden "behind the Iron Curtain", and because of that he was incarcerated, sentenced to exile and died in exile and is buried there...

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